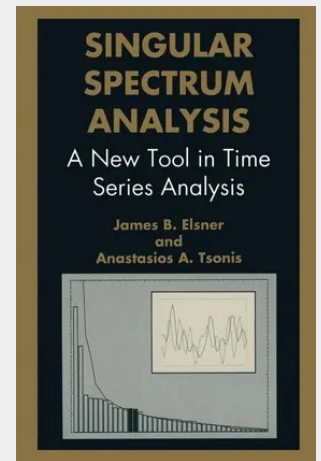


Singular Spectrum Analysis

A New Tool in Time Series Analysis

The term singular spectrum comes from the spectral (eigenvalue) decomposition of a matrix A into its set (spectrum) of eigenvalues. These eigenvalues, λ , are the numbers that make the matrix $A - \lambda I$ singular. The term singular spectrum analysis is unfortunate since the traditional eigenvalue decomposition involving multivariate data is also an analysis of the singular spectrum. More properly, singular spectrum analysis (SSA) should be called the analysis of time series using the singular spectrum. Spectral decomposition of matrices is fundamental to much the theory of linear algebra and it has many applications to problems in the natural and related sciences. Its widespread use as a tool for time series analysis is fairly recent, however, emerging to a large extent from applications of dynamical systems theory (sometimes called chaos theory). SSA was introduced into chaos theory by Fraedrich (1986) and Broomhead and King (1986a). Prior to this, SSA was used in biological oceanography by Colebrook (1978). In the digital signal processing community, the approach is also known as the Karhunen-Loeve (K-L) expansion (Pike et al., 1984). Like other techniques based on spectral decomposition, SSA is attractive in that it holds a promise for a reduction in the dimensionality. Singular spectrum analysis is sometimes called singular systems analysis or singular spectrum approach. vii viii Preface sionality. This reduction in dimensionality is often accompanied by a simpler explanation of the underlying physics.

The term singular spectrum comes from the spectral (eigenvalue) decomposition of a matrix A into its set (spectrum) of eigenvalues. These eigenvalues, λ , are the numbers that make the matrix $A - \lambda I$ singular. The term singular spectrum analysis is unfortunate since the traditional eigenvalue decomposition involving multivariate data is also an analysis of the singular spectrum. More properly, singular spectrum analysis (SSA) should be called the analysis of time series using the singular spectrum. Spectral decomposition of matrices is fundamental to much the theory of linear algebra and it has many applications to problems in the natural and related sciences. Its widespread use as a tool for time series analysis is fairly recent, however, emerging to a large extent from applications of dynamical systems theory (sometimes called chaos theory). SSA was introduced into chaos theory by Fraedrich (1986) and Broomhead and King (1986a). Prior to this, SSA was used in biological oceanography by Colebrook (1978). In the digital signal processing community, the approach is also known as the Karhunen-Loeve (K-L) expansion (Pike et al., 1984). Like other techniques based on spectral decomposition, SSA is attractive in that it holds a promise for a reduction in the dimensionality. Singular spectrum analysis is sometimes called singular systems analysis or singular spectrum approach. vii viii Preface sionality. This reduction in dimensionality is often accompanied by a simpler explanation of the underlying physics.



106,99 €

99,99 € (zzgl. MwSt.)

Lieferfrist: bis zu 10 Tage

Artikelnummer: 9780306454721

Medium: Buch

ISBN: 978-0-306-45472-1

Verlag: Springer

Erscheinungstermin: 31.10.1996

Sprache(n): Englisch

Auflage: 1. Auflage 1996

Produktform: Gebunden

Gewicht: 453 g

Seiten: 164

Format (B x H): 160 x 241 mm

